REPORT

# **Tonkin+Taylor**

#### Mount Munro Windfarm

#### Update to Port to Site Assessment

Prepared for Meridian Energy Limited Prepared by Tonkin & Taylor Ltd Date September 2023 Job Number 1016884.1000 v2





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#### Document control

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#### **Executive summary**

In July 2021, Tonkin & Taylor Ltd (T+T) completed a port to site assessment for the proposed Mt Munro Wind Farm in the lower North Island. The purpose of the assessment was to provide information on the practicality of delivering turbine components to the site. Transport route options from five North Island posts were assessed.

The July 2021 assessment was completed considering transportation of the Siemens Gamesa SWT-DD-120 wind turbine, with a blade length of 59 m. The maximum weight assessed was the transformer – with an indivisible load of 120 tonnes.

However, as the project has progressed a larger turbine blade is being considered. This report outlines the update to the port to site assessment to consider a turbine blade length of up to 67 m. There has been no change to the maximum weight assessed.

This update to the port to site assessment has been completed considering only the two ports considered most feasible. Therefore, the two routes assessed in this update to the port to site assessment are:

- Napier Port; and
- Centre Port (Wellington).

Options and constraints.

The ability of the transport routes to be used for different turbine components and transformer loads is summarised in Table 1.1.

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		Weight		Length	Height
Port	Transformer (120 t)	Nacelle (98 t)	Tower section (80 t)	Blade (67 m)	(4.8 m)
Napier Port	√1	√1	<b>√</b> 1	✓	✓
Centre Port (Wellington)	~	✓	✓	✓	$\checkmark$

Subject to further assessment of structures on local road diversion routes around constraints on the state highway network.

#### Cost estimates

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The costs of modification to the State Highway network and length of local road to the site access for the different delivery options for turbine components are shown in Table 1.2 below.

 Table 1.2:
 Summary of cost estimates for each port to site route

Port	Weight	Length/Height <sup>1</sup>
Napier Port	\$0.3 to \$0.5 M	\$1.2 to \$2.1 M
Centre Port (Wellington)	\$No cost	\$1.3 to \$2.2 M

Based on estimated construction rates and scope of work required for each modification required. Range applied to cost estimate -20% to +40%

Cost estimates do not include transporter costs, the temporary removal and replacement of roadside signage, streetlights and overhead power cables, or traffic management. Further engagement with transporters will be required to determine a cost estimate for these.

Meridian should note that a level of contingency has been applied to the cost estimates for physical modifications. However, Meridian may also wish to apply additional risk contingency to the totals reported in Table 1.2 above.

These costs are for physical works only. It is therefore recommended that Meridian add an allowance for professional services costs, client managed costs and contractor costs.

#### Risks and opportunities

It should be noted that the cost estimates are primarily based on a desk top assessment. Ground truthing may increase or decrease costs. It would be prudent to add a risk component to these costs until further work on transport routes is undertaken.

Local road diversion routes around constraints such as under strength/too low structures on the state highway network are required on all routes. There are smaller structures on these diversion routes which we have been unable to obtain desktop information for assessment. These should be further assessed as part of ground truthing.

Where a weight constraint has been identified along the state highway network, cost estimates assume that full replacement of the bridge is required. Potential cost savings may be available if bridges can be strengthened, rather than fully replaced.

Recent innovation in blade transporting using a blade manipulator trailer to lift the blade and reduce the effective length, as demonstrated recently for the Turitea Wind Farm<sup>1</sup>, may present an opportunity to make the transport of blades easier and reduce costs in route modifications.

#### Summary

Based on this assessment of the specific turbine component specifications provided by Meridian, available information, and subject to reasonable route modifications where required, it is expected that the proposed turbine components can be transported to site.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://www.stuff.co.nz/business/125116033/turbine-blades-tilt-for-their-journey-to-the-ridges-above-palmerston-north</u>

#### 1 Introduction

Meridian Energy Limited (Meridian) is considering development of a new wind farm (Mount Munro Windfarm) in the Lower North Island, approximately five kilometres south of Eketāhuna. T+T have been engaged by Meridian to provide an update to the port to site assessment for the Mount Munro Windfarm project.

This work has been undertaken by T+T in accordance with T+T's offer of service dated 11 October 2021.

#### 1.1 Previous work

A port to site assessment was completed in July 2021. This is documented in T+T report *Mount Munro Windfarm: Port to Site Routes Assessment* (version 2, issued July 2021).

The purpose of this report was to assess the port to site considerations for the transport of large turbine components. The feasibility of five port to site routes were assessed.

This assessment was completed considering transportation of the Siemens Gamesa SWT-DD-120 wind turbine, with a blade length of 59 m. The proposed transformer option advised by Meridian had a weight of 120 tonnes.

The transport routes assessed were from the following ports to the wind farm site;

- Ports of Auckland;
- Port of Tauranga;
- Napier Port;
- Taranaki Port; and
- Centre Port (Wellington).

The report was peer reviewed by WSP<sup>2</sup> in June 2021. Following this peer review, the report was updated and finalised.

#### 1.1.1 Summary of July 2021 assessment

The ability of the transport routes to be used for different turbine components and transformer loads is summarised in Table 1.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> WSP memorandum – Mt Munro Port to Site Feasibility Review 21 June 2021. File Ref 5-C4317.00.

		Weight		Length	Height
Port	Transformer (120t)	Nacelle (98t)	Tower section (80t)	SWT-DD-120 (59m)	
Ports of Auckland	<b>√</b> 1	<b>√</b> 1	✓1	$\checkmark$	Х
Port of Tauranga	Only if upgraded	Only if upgraded	Only if upgraded	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Napier Port	<b>√</b> 1	<b>√</b> 1	√1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Port Taranaki	х	Х	х	✓	$\checkmark$
Centre Port (Wellington)	<b>√</b> 1	<b>√</b> 1	√1	✓	✓

## Table 1.1: Summary of constraints for each port to site route, as identified in the July 2021 assessment

No assessment of structures along local road diversions was completed. Therefore, in the July 2021 assessment, the feasibility of each route outlined above was subject to further assessment of structures on local road diversion routes around constraints on the state highway network.

Based on the July 2021 assessment of the specific turbine component specifications provided by Meridian, available information, and subject to reasonable route modifications where required, it was concluded that the proposed turbine components could be transported to site. It was concluded that the only two routes along which all components could be transported were from Napier and Wellington to the site. There were several routes or combination of routes that provided for transport of overweight and oversize components that did not have any fatal flaws. The most significant potential constraints identified were those on the off-highway bypass routes.

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#### 1.2 Update to Port to Site Assessment

Meridian are considering installation of larger wind turbines, with a diameter of up to 136 m diameter (67 m blade length). Consideration for turbine componentry transit for this larger turbine blade size is also required. As outlined in Section 1.1.1, based on the previous port to site assessment, the two port options considered the most likely by Meridian were Napier and Wellington. This updated assessment has therefore only considered these two routes.

#### 1.3 Comparison of Port to Site Assessments

A comparison between the assessment parameters of the July 2021 and this update to the port to site assessment are shown in Table 1.2 below.

	Routes assessed		Maximum Weight		U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	
Assessment	Number of routes	Ports	Component	Weight (tonnes)	Length (m)	Height (m)
July 2021	5	Auckland, Tauranga, Taranaki, Napier, Wellington	Transformer	120	59	4.8
June 2022	2	Napier, Wellington	Transformer	120 (no change)	67	4.8 (no change)

#### Table 1.2: Port to site assessments completed for Mount Munro Windfarm

#### 2 Methodology

This assessment has been completed primarily as a desktop review of routes between the two ports and the site access.

#### 2.1 Vehicle tracking

Along each of the two port to site routes the vehicle tracking has been updated. Previously, a maximum blade length of 59 m was assessed. This was increased to a length of 67 m. This assessment is a desktop study, based on aerial views and Google street view only.

#### 2.1.1 Routes

The two routes considered in this assessment are:

- Napier Port to site (200 km); and
- Centre Port (Wellington) to site (220 km).

These port to site route assessments extend from each port to the State Highway Two (SH2)/local road intersection, and the local road to the site, accessed off Old Coach Road. The two routes outlined in this report are those which we believe would be the most feasible. These are based off Waka Kotahi approved over-dimension routes and specific restrictions noted by the Waka Kotahi permit process.

#### 2.2 Weight

#### 2.2.1 July 2021 assessment

In the July 2021 assessment, the maximum weight assessed was the transformer. The transformer is an indivisible load with a weight of 120 tonnes. Including the weight of the truck, trailer and second tractor unit, the maximum gross weight considered in the July 2021 assessment was 240 tonnes.

Waka Kotahi have strict controls on the weight and axle loads of overweight vehicles to protect the state highway road network assets. Overweight permits are required where indivisible loads exceed permitted axle loads.

Overweight Feasibility Studies for transport of this transformer load were requested from Waka Kotahi and received on 28 April 2021.

Where a constraint on the state highway network was identified, alternative local road diversion routes were proposed – either for just the transport of the wind turbine blades or for all components. The maximum gross weight along the route was either that of the transformer (240 tonnes) or the blades (assumed to be 42 tonnes). Structures on these diversion routes are not assessed as part of the Waka Kotahi Overweight Feasibility Study. Use of the local road diversion routes will be subject to Council approval which has not been considered for this assessment. Council will require assurance that overweight loads will not adversely impact their road network assets. For this high-level assessment, Local Councils were not engaged. Where a diversion along local roads was required, weight constraints have been identified but not further assessed.

#### 2.2.2 Update to assessment

Despite consideration of larger wind turbines, Meridian have advised that the overall capacity of the project is comparable to the previous assessment. A transformer weight of 120 tonnes is still considered to be the maximum indivisible load. This will be transported to the intersection of SH2 and Kaiparoro Road.

Therefore, no update to the Overweight Feasibility Assessments previously received from Waka Kotahi are required.

The reports for each route are attached in Appendix C for reference and the route constraints noted in Table 3.1 below.

#### 2.3 Drive over

Between completion of the July 2021 report, and the June 2022 report, a site visit was completed to assess the transport considerations of the project. Drive overs of sections of the route were completed to check assumptions made based on the available desktop information. This was not a full drive over and does not replace the need for assessment by a transport operator. Key sites visited were:

- Waipukurau bypass along Ongaonga Road;
- Norsewood bypass;
- Woodville bypass; and
- Eketāhuna bypass.

#### 2.3.1 Waipukurau bypass

A bypass was proposed along Ongaonga Road. This bypass is required due to a length constraint through Waipukurau. As such, this bypass is only required for transport of the wind turbine blades, with a maximum componentry weight of 42 tonnes.

The key constraint along this route is a 22 m long bridge across Kahahakuri Stream (Figure 2.1 and Figure 2.2 below). The bridge was constructed in 1966.



Figure 2.1: Kahahakuri Stream Bridge on Ongaonga Road



Figure 2.2: Kahahakuri Stream Bridge on Ongaonga Road

#### 2.3.2 Norsewood bypass

A bypass was proposed along Hovding Street. This bypass is required due to a height constraint under a 4.8 m high rail bridge. A diversion route was identified along Hovding Street. An opportunity to remove fencing and cross directly back to SH2 was identified. Following the drive over, it was concluded more likely to divert back from Hovding Street to SH2 prior to the bridge if required. This also removes the need to strengthen the bridge along Hovding Street.

#### 2.3.3 Woodville bypass

A diversion along Nelson Street, Range Road and Troup Road East was proposed. This bypass is required due to a length constraint on SH2. Drive over of a number of different routes through Woodville was completed. As such, this bypass is only required for transport of the wind turbine blades.

Combined with vehicle tracking, the preferred route is considered to be along Tay Street and Station Street. This will avoid the two bridges and two railway crossings that would be required along Range Road.

#### 2.3.4 Overhead powerlines

There is a substantial number of overhead power lines crossing the proposed routes. We consider a rate of two per kilometre<sup>3</sup> of route is a conservative estimate, noting that this is much lower sections of the road (for instance most crossings on the Wellington motorway network are underground). We estimate that approximately a quarter of these will require raising, but this will be dependent on the transport provider engaged and their specific equipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Between Eketāhuna and Waipukurau (120km) we counted approximately 200 locations where power lines cross the route. This has been extrapolated as a reasonable estimate for the entire route.

#### 3 Update to constraints

Potential constraints identified are shown on the Route Plans in Appendix A and listed in the route constraint tables in Appendix B. Where a Waka Kotahi approved diversion route is available, the length constraints along these routes have also been identified through vehicle tracking. We have assumed that the vertical curves along the State Highway network do not present any constraints.

#### 3.1 Length

Vehicle tracking has been updated along the Napier and Wellington routes. Based on the updated tracking, the following additional/changed constraints were identified along the Napier route:

• Pedestrian crossing infrastructure at Dannevirke (near Miller Street)

Based on the updated tracking, the following additional/changed constraints were identified along the Wellington route:

- Roberts Line/Mihaere Drive roundabout; and
- Tight left turn at Roberts Line/SH3 intersection.

The most likely bypass route for transport of the turbine blades through Woodville (both routes) is now considered to be along Tay Street and Station Street. The following constraints are present:

- Tight left turn from SH2/Tay Street intersection;
- Tight right bend along Tay Street; and
- Tight left turn from Station Street/SH2 intersection.

#### 3.2 Weight

As outlined in Section 2.2, no update to the Overweight Feasibility Assessments has been completed. The Overweight Feasibility Assessments for the two routes are attached in Appendix C.

As outlined in Section 2.3, the recommended local road diversion routes have been refined. Therefore, the only local road bridge that is now considered unavoidable is the Kahahakuri bridge, along the Ongaonga Road bypass.

#### 3.3 Height

There is a substantial number of overhead power lines crossing the proposed routes. Applying the estimates described in Section 2.3.4 to each route this gives;

- Port of Napier (200 km) would have approximately 100<sup>4</sup> power lines to be temporarily raised and reinstated; or
- CentrePort (220 km) would have approximately 110<sup>5</sup> power lines to be temporarily raised and reinstated.

The cost estimates included in this report do not include these works, as it has been assumed that the cost associated with this will be included in transporter costs.

In addition overbridges at Eketāhuna (both routes) and Norsewood (Napier route only) are height constraints. Both have local road diversion routes as described in Appendix B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 200km x 2 (powerlines per km) x 0.25 (quarter of powerlines require raising) = 100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 220km x 2 (powerlines per km) x 0.25 (quarter of powerlines require raising) = 110

#### 3.4 Costs

High-level comparative cost estimates have been prepared for the modifications required to enable each route to carry the turbine components. Estimates of ranges for the common modifications are summarised below in Table 3.1. For physical works we have estimated a cost range of -20% to +40% rounded to the nearest round number.

These ranges are applied in Section 4 to determine high-level comparative cost estimates of the expected modifications required to enable each route option to carry the turbine components.

The development of these costs has been done as a desktop exercise. There is a risk that the estimates have not identified the full costs. The full cost can only be reliably estimated when ground truthing takes place. We therefore recommend that Meridian may want to add an additional risk factor.

These estimates are for physical works only and do not include allowance for professional services costs, client managed costs or contractor costs. We recommend that Meridian add an allowance for this.

Modification	High level cost estimate	Comments
Temporary removal and replacement of roadside signage, streetlights, and overhead power cables	Cost to be included in the transportation of the components.	Assumed this will be undertaken by the transport staff as they approach and pass each location.
Temporary removal and replacement of overhead signage (mounted on roadside poles)	\$35k to \$75k	<ul> <li>Allowing for five trips per turbine and to be lowered and replaced once per trip (20 turbines, 100 trips total).</li> <li>If able to be undertaken by transport staff this would be more cost effective.</li> </ul>
Temporary removal and replacement of overhead traffic signals or gantries	\$100k to \$170k	<ul> <li>Allowing for five trips per turbine and to be lowered and replaced once per trip (20 turbines, 100 trips total).</li> <li>If able to be undertaken by transport staff this would be more cost effective.</li> </ul>
Temporary removal and replacement of traffic signal poles	\$50k to \$100k	<ul> <li>Assumes temporary removal of signal poles or replacement with hinged poles.</li> <li>If able to be undertaken by transport staff this would be more cost effective.</li> </ul>
Temporary removal and replacement of railway level-crossing signs and infrastructure	\$75 to \$150k	Allowing for removal and replacement of railway level-crossing signs and infrastructure.
Vegetation trimming (individual tree or per 50 m brush clearing)	\$1.5k to \$2.5k	Once per location, no allowance for vegetation maintenance between loads.
Temporary removal and replacement of sheep/cattle fencing (per 50 m)	\$2.5k to \$5k	<ul> <li>Allowing for removal and replacement of fencing.</li> <li>No allowance for acquisition, or approval to access and temporarily occupy private property.</li> </ul>

#### Table 3.1 High level modification cost estimates

Modification	High level cost estimate	Comments
Bank excavation (Per 50 m or part thereof, up to 150 cubic metres)	\$10k to \$20k	<ul> <li>Bank shaped to current profile (not changed to include benches or a changed slope).</li> <li>Cleanfill disposal available. Disposal at general refuse rates will incur additional costs.</li> <li>Hydroseed surface stabilisation.</li> <li>Works within the road corridor.</li> <li>Consents not allowed for (if required).</li> </ul>
Intersection modification/ widening	\$40k to \$70k	<ul> <li>Once per location.</li> <li>Allowing for temporary widening, removal of splitter islands and temporary asphalt.</li> <li>Includes reinstatement at end of project (if required).</li> </ul>
Approval to access and temporarily occupy non- developed private property (i.e., farmland or garden)	\$100k	<ul> <li>Assumes a willing landowner.</li> <li>Covers the costs of temporary occupation, fence and vegetation removal, rehabilitation and reinstatement, legal fees, and loss of use.</li> </ul>
Replacement of Kahahakuri Stream bridge	\$300k to \$500k	<ul> <li>Estimate to replace span with new HN-HO-72 rated two lane concrete deck steel beam bridge in existing location with road closure during installation. This is subject to road controlling authority approval.</li> <li>Estimate is based on discussions with Bridge It NZ on 3 June, 2022.</li> <li>No allowance for ground improvement works that could be required to support bridge abutments.</li> <li>Central Hawkes Bay District Council have offered to facilitate a structural review through their consultants (costs to be paid by Meridian) which would provide more certainty for this estimate.</li> </ul>

Notes;

- 1 We have not allowed for transporter costs as this will be subject to negotiation between the transport contractor and Meridian. This may vary due to differing distances and other factors between each port.
- 2 Our estimate for property temporary occupation costs is preliminary and needs further verification.
- 3 Cost estimates do not include allowance for temporary traffic management.
- 4 The construction rates utilised for this high-level cost estimate are based on assumed design concepts, estimated quantities and a combination of recently submitted tender rates for similar projects within the regional area along with the latest available rates from QV Cost Builder database (formerly Rawlinsons). Consequently, a significant margin of uncertainty exists on the cost estimate and the contingency we have allowed should be considered as part of the cost rather than a potential add on.
- 5 No allowance has been included for cost escalation beyond 2022.
- 6 COVID-19 impacts: The derived rates are based on information and data obtained prior to COVID 19 being declared a pandemic by the World Health Organisation. New Zealand subsequently entering COVID 19 Alert Level 4 "lockdown" plus the global economic impacts of COVID 19 will have an impact on the construction industry in at least the immediate and medium term future. The significance and extent of COVID 19 impacts is uncertain at this time but likely to impact both labour and materials rates. We have not made any attempt to allow for the impact of COVID-19 in this estimate and recommend you seek specialist economic advice on what budgetary allowances you should make for escalation and changed construction costs post COVID 19.

#### 3.5 Upcoming Waka Kotahi projects

Waka Kotahi's interactive projects map<sup>6</sup> and Arataki reports<sup>7</sup> (10-year guidance documents) were reviewed to identify any upcoming Waka Kotahi projects that could impact the transport of large turbine components. These are listed in Table 3.2 below.

Route	Name	Description	Assessment
Wellington	Te Ahu a Turanga: Manawatū Tararua Highway Project	Construction of a new road over the Ruahine Range between Woodville and Ashhurst. Completion estimated by the end of 2024.	Without construction of this highway, the route from Wellington and Taranaki to the site is not considered a feasible option.
Wellington	Peka Peka to Ōtaki Expressway	Construction of a four-lane expressway. Completion estimated late 2022.	Will improve feasibility of the Wellington route.
Wellington	Ōtaki to North of Levin	Construction of a new four-lane expressway from Ōtaki to North of Levin. Construction estimated 2025-2029.	Will improve feasibility of the Wellington route.

Table 3.2 Upcoming Waka Kotahi Projects

Table 3.2 only includes publicly notified projects recorded on the Waka Kotahi website. We have not considered any routine maintenance or general safety projects which are expected to have limited impact of the routes capacity to take wind turbine loads. This project list may also be subject to change with future releases of Waka Kotahi's National Land Transport Plans and should be reviewed at regular intervals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> <u>https://www.nzta.govt.nz/projects/</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> https://www.nzta.govt.nz/planning-and-investment/planning/arataki/

### 4 Summary

Port	Approximate Route Distance (km)	Weight constraints	Length constraints	Height constraints	Estimated route modification costs
Napier Port	200 km (Napier – Hastings – Waipukurau – Woodville – Eketāhuna – Site entrance)	Central Hawkes Bay District Council will need to be engaged to determine if structures along local roads will require strengthening or replacement. The structures and maximum gross weights are: • A 22 m bridge on Ongaonga Road, Ongaonga (42 tonnes)	The 67 m blade is able to achieve tracking requirements with modifications to various intersections and constrained curves.	Thor Street overbridge, Norsewood (4.8 m clearance). An alternate route along Hovding Street exists. Rail bridge north of Eketāhuna (4.4 m clearance). An alternate route along Newman Road exists. Temporary raising or lowering and reinstatement of overhead powerlines and constraints required at various locations along the route.	Length/ Height: \$1.2 to \$2.1 M Weight: \$0.3 to \$0.5 M
CentrePort (Wellington)	240 km (Wellington – Tawa – Transmission Gully – Paraparaumu – Levin – Foxton – Sanson – Palmerston North – Ashurst – Woodville – Eketāhuna – Site entrance)	No constraints identified along State Highway network.	The 67 m blade is able to achieve tracking requirements with modifications to various intersections and constrained curves. Assumes Peka Peka to Ōtaki and the Te Ahu a Turanga: Manawatū Tararua Highway Projects are complete.	Rail bridge north of Eketāhuna (4.4 m clearance). An alternate route along Newman Road exists. Temporary raising or lowering and reinstatement of overhead powerlines and constraints required at various locations along the route	Length/ Height: \$1.3 to \$2.2 M Weight: No cost

From a transport assessment, both routes are considered feasible.

#### 5 Risks and opportunities

The costs outlined in Section 4 are the best estimates of physical work costs associated with the level of detail at this stage of the assessment. These cost estimates are based on a desktop assessment and are indicative only. Ground truthing may increase or decrease costs. It would be prudent to add a risk component to these cost until further work on transport routes is undertaken. Cost estimates do not include transporter costs, the temporary removal and replacement of roadside signage, streetlights and overhead power cables or traffic management. Further engagement with transporters will be required to determine a cost estimate for this.

Travel along local roads is proposed, around diversions and at the site access. Diversions from the State Highway network are required around buildings restricting turns (Waipukurau and Woodville) and under-height structures (Norsewood and Eketāhuna).

There are also opportunities for reductions in costs. These include:

- Cost savings available for the Port of Napier route if the Kahahakuri Stream bridge can be strengthened (either permanent or temporarily propped) rather than fully replaced as has currently been priced;
- Potential for cost sharing of costs if Kahahakuri Stream bridge is replaced and Central Hawkes Bay District Council see benefit from the upgrade;
- Further optimisation of routes to minimise transportation costs. For example, transporting the turbine components from Wellington via SH57 could be investigated further. There is also an opportunity to transport blades from Auckland or Tauranga through the central North Island, while transporting heavier components from Napier via SH5; and
- Using innovative trailer configurations to reduce the length constraints along the route. This technology is being utilised to transport 55 m long wind turbine blades for the Turitea Wind Farm. Smith Crane and Construction have developed a trailer configuration that requires only one trailer at the front, tilting the blade to reduce the length to 27 m. A conversation with Smith Crane and Construction on 19 May 2021 indicate that transport of 59 m blades could be feasible, with the opportunity to significantly reduce civil works required for this project.

#### 6 Applicability

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client Meridian Energy Limited, with respect to the particular brief given to us and it may not be relied upon in other contexts or for any other purpose, or by any person other than our client, without our prior written agreement.

The construction rates utilised for this high level cost estimate are based on assumed design concepts, estimated quantities and a combination of recently submitted tender rates for similar projects within the regional area along with the latest available rates from QV Cost Builder database (formerly Rawlinsons). These rates are based on historic information and data and do not include allowance for any cost escalation since the date of the data other than where/as specifically stated.

Consequently, a significant margin of uncertainty exists on the cost estimate and the contingency we have allowed should be considered as part of the cost rather than a potential add on.

In particular, we have not made any attempt to allow for the potential impact of COVID-19 in this estimate. Also, supply chain disruptions are currently having quickly-changing effects on construction costs and schedules. We recommend you seek up-to-date specialist economic advice on what budgetary allowances you should make for escalation, including for any potential changes in construction costs and timing in relation to both COVID-19 and supply-chain issues.

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Reviewed by:

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Senior Transport Engineer

Tess Breitenmoser Transport Engineer

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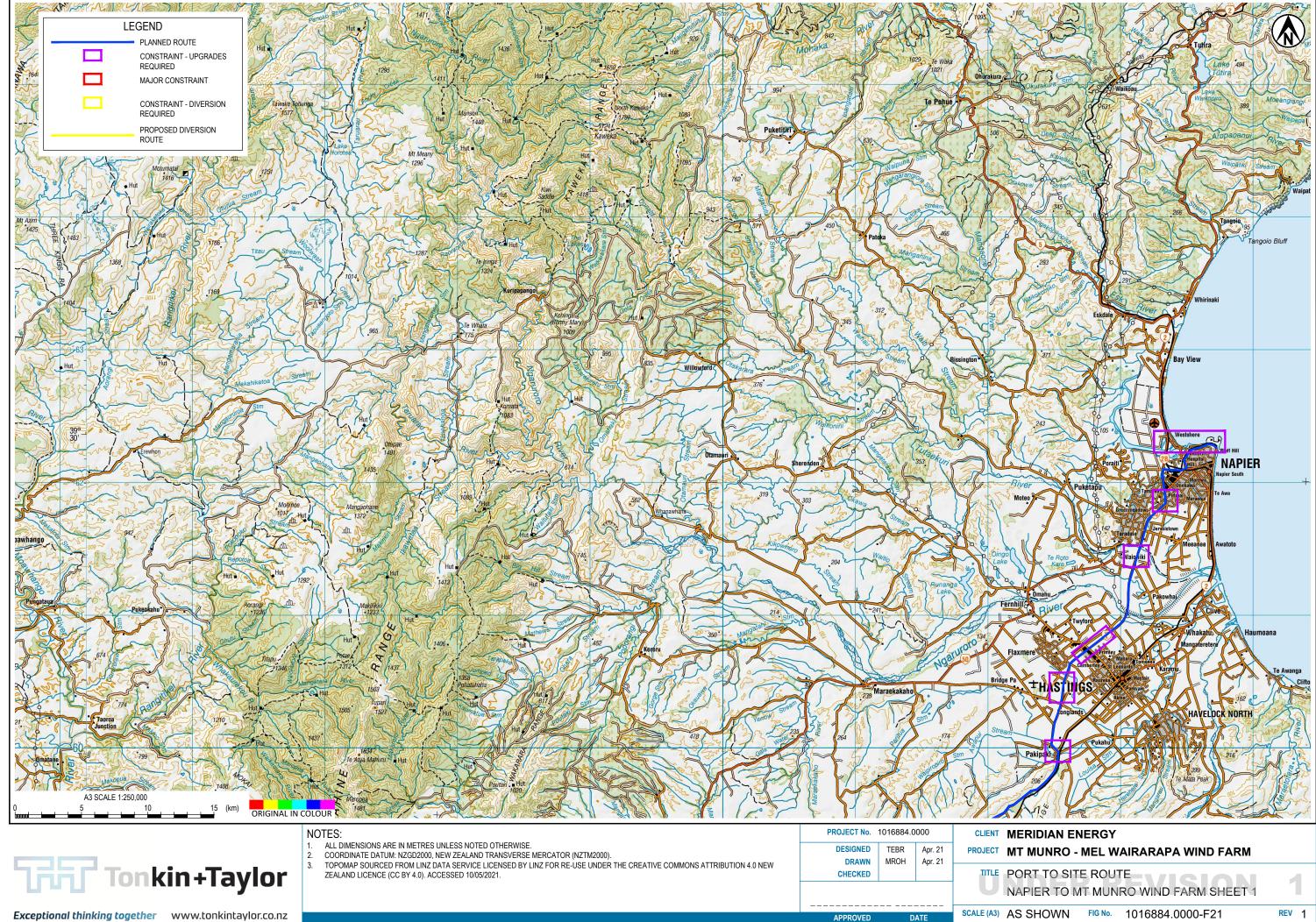
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Bruce Symmans Project Director

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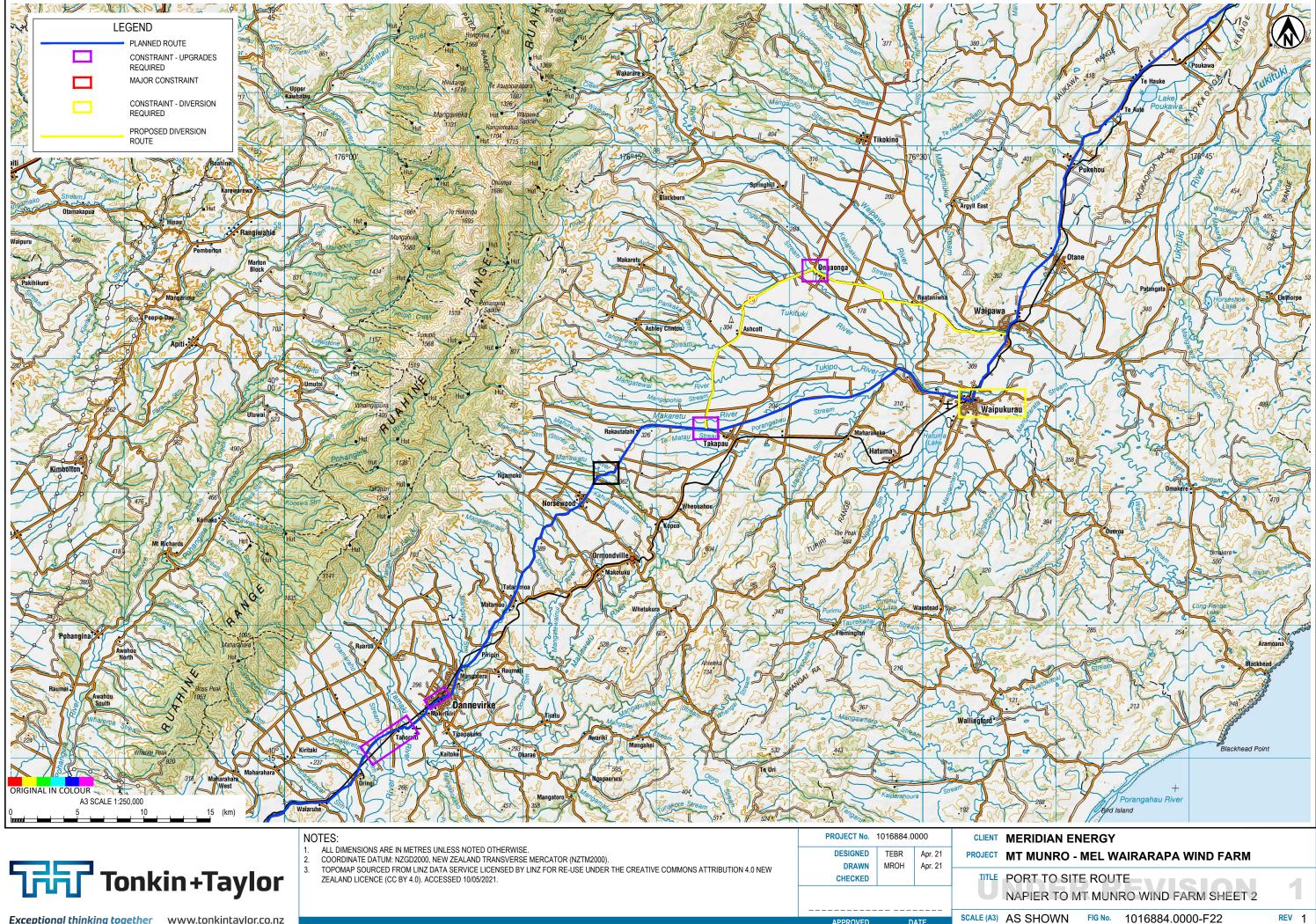
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- Figures 1016884.0000-F41 to F42 (Wellington)





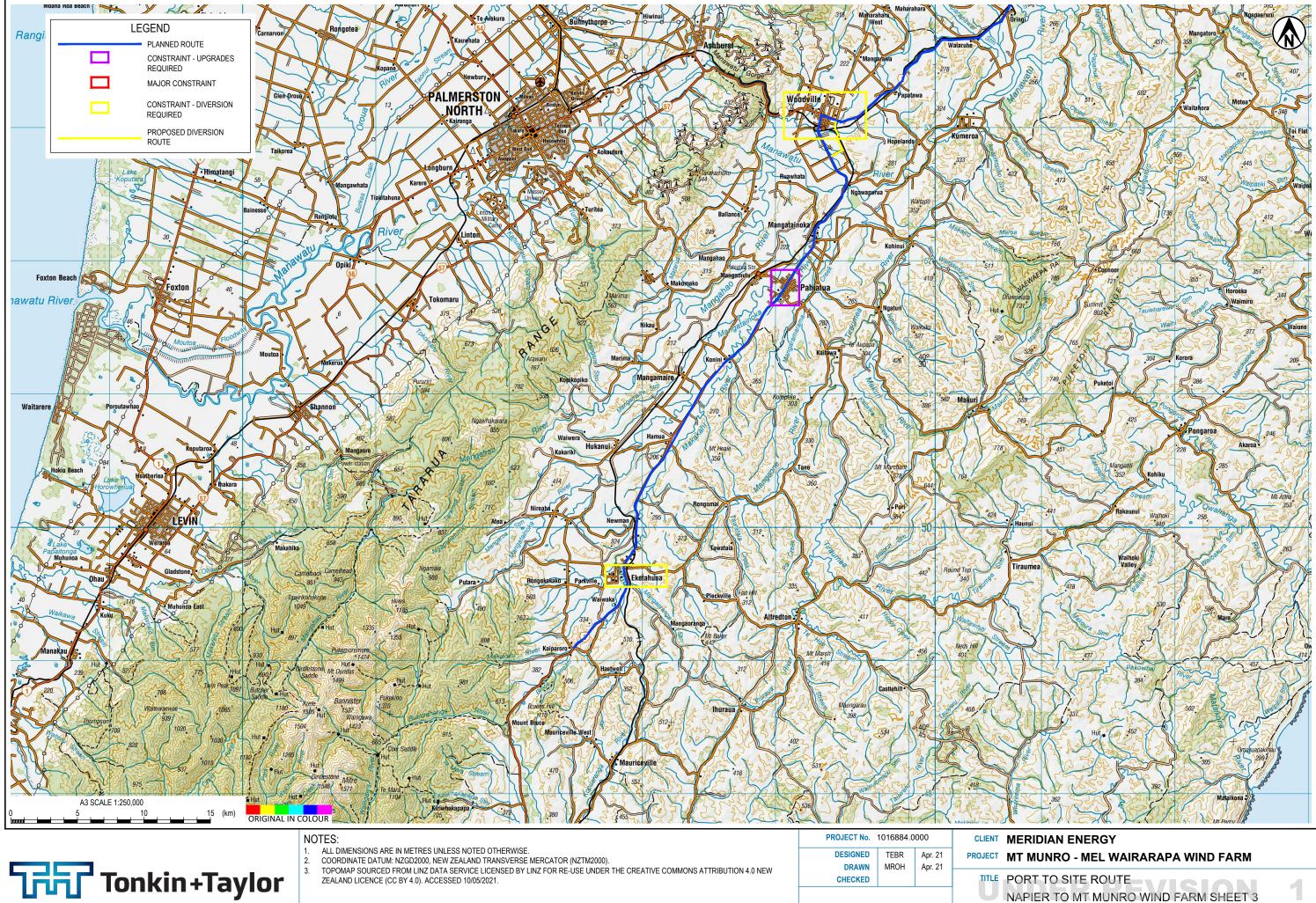






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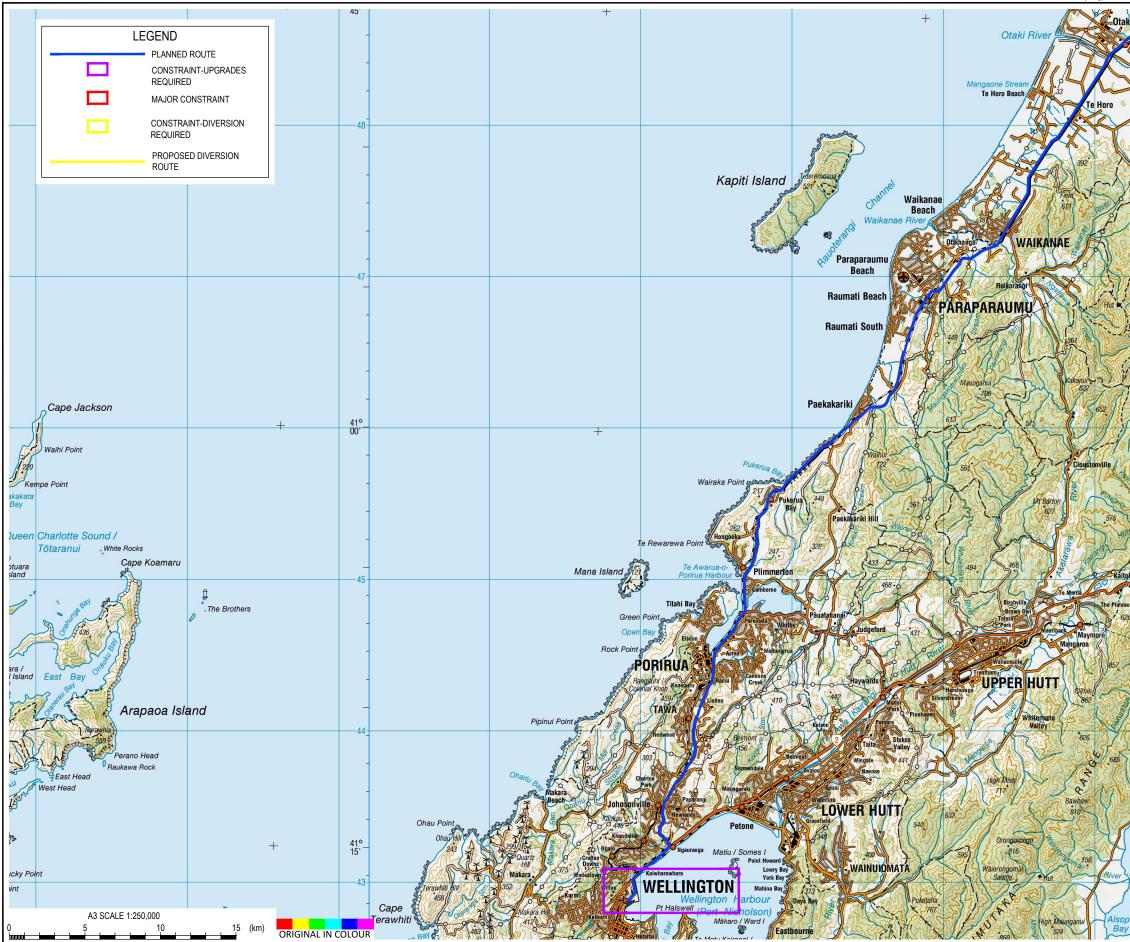


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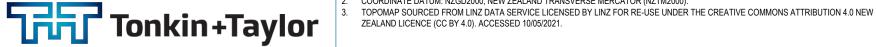
AS SHOWN FIG No. 1016884.0000-F23

REV 1



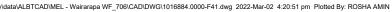
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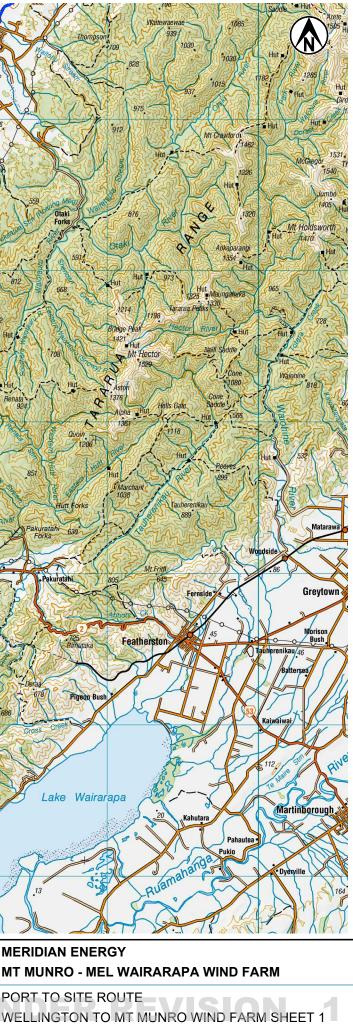
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 2. COORDINATE DATUM: NZGD2000, NEW ZEALAND TRANSVERSE MERCATOR (NZTM2000).

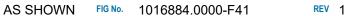


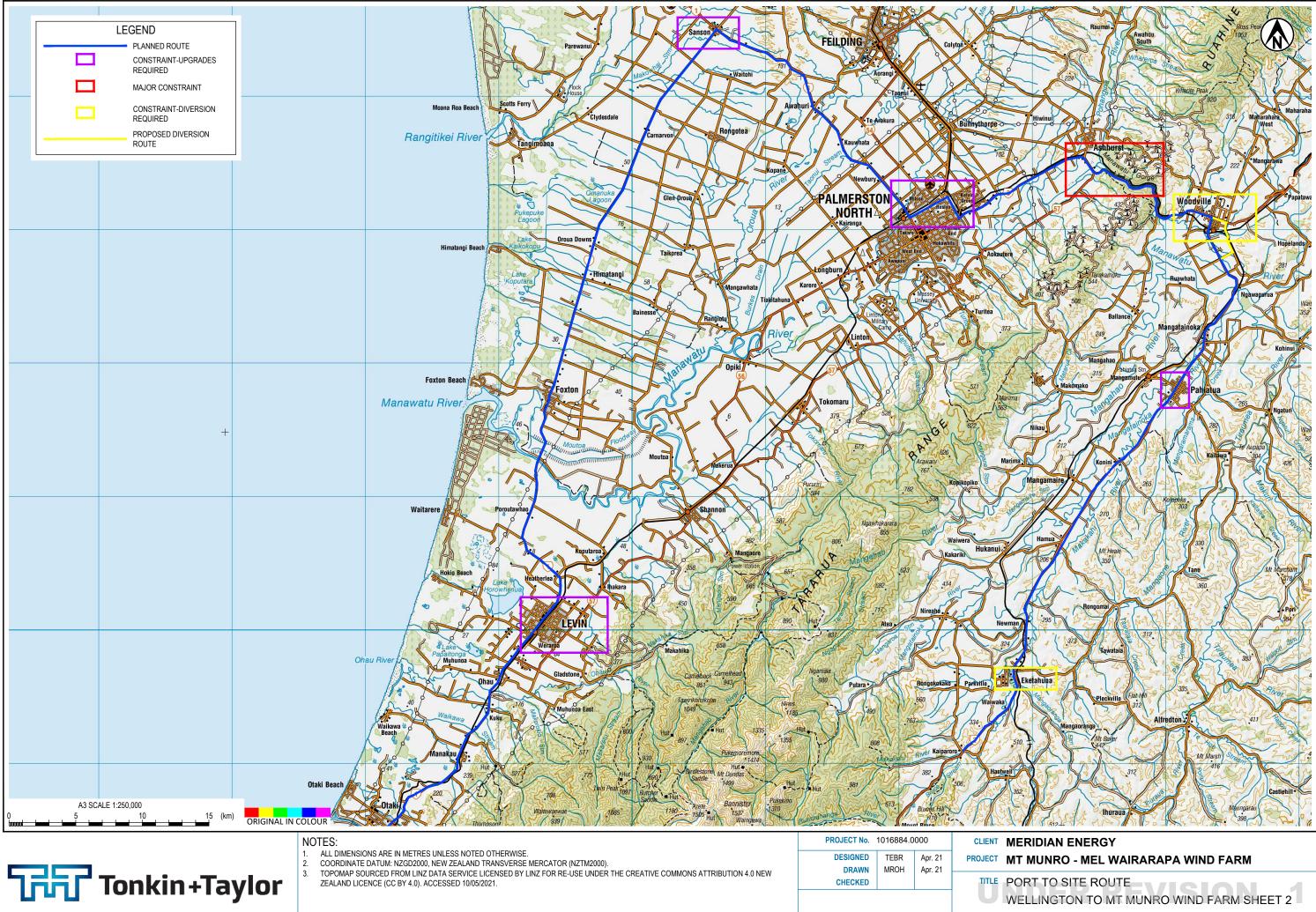
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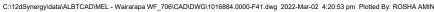












REV 1 SCALE (A3) AS SHOWN FIG No. 1016884.0000-F42

- B1.1 Updated route constraint tables
- B1 Napier
- B2 Wellington
- B1.2 Route constraint table notes
- 1 Temporary raising or lowering and reinstatement of roadside signage, streetlights, and overhead power cables has been to be included in transporter costs and is not specifically identified below
- 2 Tables B1 and B2 are based on the route constraint tables produced for the 59m long blades and 120t indivisible load in July 2021. Most constraints are still a constraint for the updated assessment. Changes to the constraints previously reported in July 2021 are shown as follows;
  - Additional constraints identified for passage of the 67 m long blades are shown in *red italics*
  - Constraints no longer applicable due to a diversion route or reassessed following the drive over are shown struck through
  - Constraints not able to be temporarily addressed (for example buildings blocking passage or understrength bridge) and necessitating significant
    works or diversion have been made bold

B2	Napier		
Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Napier	Port of Napier	Port Access/Breakwater Rd	<ul> <li>Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Traffic signals</li> <li>Street furniture and signs</li> </ul>
Napier	SH50	Customs Quay/Coronation St roundabout	<ul> <li>The through movement of the trailer is restricted. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Widening of the existing bypass</li> </ul>
Napier	SH50	SH50/Prebensen Dr-roundabout	<ul> <li>Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Two splitter islands</li> <li>Street furniture and signs</li> </ul>
Napier	SH50	SH50/Ford Rd/Severn St roundabout	<ul> <li>The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Two splitter islands</li> <li>Part of the central island</li> </ul>
Napier	SH50	SH50/SH51 Roundabout junction	<ul> <li>The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Two splitter islands</li> <li>Streetlights and signs</li> </ul>
Napier	SH50	SH50/SH2 roundabout junction at Pakowhai Rd	<ul> <li>The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Two splitter islands</li> <li>Part of the central island</li> <li>Streetlights and signs</li> </ul>

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Napier	SH2	SH2 roundabout with Evenden Rd	The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Two splitter islands
			Part of the central island
			Streetlights and signs
Napier	SH2	SH2 roundabout with Omahu Rd	The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Two splitter islands
			Part of the central island
Napier SH2	SH2	SH2 roundabout with York Rd	The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Two splitter islands
			Part of the central island
Napier	SH2	SH2 Roundabout with Maraekakaho Rd	The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Two splitter islands
			Part of the central island
Napier	SH2	Between Maraekakaho Rd and	Possible restriction:
		Railway Rd roundabouts	Overhead powerlines
Napier	SH2	SH2 Roundabout with Railway Rd	The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Two splitter islands
			Part of the central island
Napier	SH2	SH2 Roundabout in Waipukurau	The right turn is extremely tight; The movement of the blade transporter cannot be accommodated due to adjacent buildings.
			Diversion route available via Ongaonga Road and SH50, as outlined below.

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Napier	Diversion route: SH50	Ongaonga Rd/SH50	<ul> <li>Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Splitter island</li> <li>Road signs</li> <li>Overhead powerlines</li> <li>Vegetation</li> </ul>
Napier	Diversion route: SH2/ SH50 intersection	SH2/ SH50 intersection	Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed: • Splitter island • Road signs • Vegetation
Napier	SH2	Between Waipukurau and Norsewood	Possible restriction; Overhead powerlines
Napier	SH2	Sharp bend in road north of Manawatu River bridge	Tight horseshoe bend with bank on the right hand side and gulley on the left hand side.         Possible solution:         Cutting of trees and cutting of embankment
Napier	SH2	Norsewood	<ul> <li>Road Bridge Clearance 4.8 m</li> <li>Diversion available along Hovding St. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Widening of two intersections;</li> <li>Roadside signs</li> <li>Vegetation</li> <li>There is also an opportunity to remove fencing and cross directly back to SH2. Further investigation would be required.</li> </ul>
Napier	SH2	Dannevirke (near Miller Street)	<ul> <li>Tight alignment through the pedestrian crossing. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed</li> <li>Splitter island</li> <li>Road signs</li> </ul>

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Napier	SH2	Between Dannevirke and Woodville	<ul> <li>The following restrictions have been identified along the route between Dannevirke and Woodville:</li> <li>Possible vegetation/tree removal</li> <li>Overhead powerlines</li> <li>Railway level crossing infrastructure (near Wi Duncan Road)</li> </ul>
Napier	SH2	Between Dannevirke and Woodville	Possible restriction: Overhead powerlines
Napier	SH3/SH2	Woodville	The left turn is extremely tight; The movement of the blade transporter cannot be accommodated due to adjacent buildings. Diversion route available via Nelson Street, Range Road and Priest Road. Overhead powerlines and vegetation at various locations along the route.
Napier	Diversion route at Woodville	Intersection SH2/Tay St	<ul> <li>Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Roadside signs</li> <li>Shoulder widening</li> <li>Vegetation removal</li> </ul>
Napier	Diversion route at Woodville	Tay St	<ul> <li>Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Blade tracking crosses private property at 2 Tay St;</li> <li>Vegetation</li> <li>Fences</li> <li>Shoulder widening</li> </ul>
Napier	Diversion route at Woodville	Station St	Tight left turn. Utilise existing railway level crossing at yard.
Napier	Diversion route at Woodville	Intersection SH2/Nelson St	Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:         • Roadside signs         • Shoulder widening

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Napier	Diversion route at Woodville	Nelson St	Tight S bend. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified:         • Vegetation
Napier	Diversion route at Woodville	Range Rd at Railway line	Tight S bend across railway line. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified:
			Railway crossing infrastructure
			Vegetation
			Power pole
			Road signs
	Diversion route at Woodville	Range Rd/Priest Rd	Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Roadside signs
			Shoulder widening
			• <u>Utility pole</u>
Napier	Diversion route at Woodville	Priest Rd/SH2	Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Roadside signs
			Shoulder widening
Napier	SH2	Pahiatua	Possible restriction: Overhead power cable crossings over traffic lanes.
Napier	SH2	Eket <b>ā</b> huna	Road Bridge Clearance 4.34 m
·			Diversion available along Newman Rd. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:
			Blade tracking crosses private property at 103 and 105 Newman Road;
			Vegetation
			• Fences
Napier	SH2	Eketāhuna	Tight left turn bend. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified:
			Streetlights
			Road signs

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Napier	SH2	SH2/Old Coach Road Intersection	<ul> <li>Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Road signs</li> <li>Vegetation</li> <li>Wooden fences</li> </ul>

## B3 Wellington

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Wellington	CentrePort Wellington	Port Exit -Whitmore Street-Lambton Quay Intersection	Possible restriction: Overhead power cable crossing over traffic lanes.
Wellington	Bunny Street	Whitmore St/Thorndon Quay intersection	<ul> <li>Tight right turn onto Thorndon Quay. The blade end turn movement is restricted by:</li> <li>Existing street furniture</li> <li>Splitter islands</li> <li>Traffic signals</li> </ul>
Wellington	Thorndon Quay	Thorndon Quay bus station	Trees/signals
Wellington	Thorndon Quay	At Wellington Urban Motorway	Possible restriction: Overhead bridge
Wellington	Hutt Road	Intersection with railway and Aotea Quay	Possible restriction: Overhead bridge
Wellington	Hutt Road	At Aotea Quay intersection	Possible restriction: Overhead sign
Wellington	Hutt Road	Kaiwharawhara Rd intersection	Possible restriction: Overhead signal
Wellington	Hutt Road	Railway interchange just north of Onslow Rd	Possible restriction: Overhead bridge

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Wellington	SH1	Between Ngauranga Interchange and Porirua	<ul> <li>The possible restrictions along SH1 are:</li> <li>Overhead sign</li> <li>Overhead bridge / Newlands interchange</li> <li>Johnsonville south overpass</li> <li>Johnsonville north overpass</li> <li>Overhead bridge</li> <li>Approx. 45 m Takapu Road</li> <li>Overbridge</li> <li>Approx. 45 m long bridge</li> <li>Overhead signal</li> <li>Long bridges along the route: (50m, 70m)</li> </ul>
Wellington	SH1N	Levin	<ul> <li>Overhead power cables</li> <li>The possible restrictions along SH1N are:</li> <li>Overhead bridge</li> <li>Overhead signal</li> </ul>
Wellington	SH1N	Sanson – SH1N/SH3 Intersection	<ul> <li>Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Widen the right turn movement to include part of the parking area</li> <li>Power poles (2)</li> <li>Splitter islands (2)</li> <li>Road signs</li> </ul>
Wellington	SH3	SH3/JF Kennedy Intersection	<ul> <li>Possible restriction;</li> <li>Overhead streetlight</li> </ul>
Wellington	Tremaine Ave/SH3	Intersection Tremaine Ave and SH3	Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed: <ul> <li>Overhead traffic signals</li> </ul>

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Wellington	Roberts Line	Roberts Line/Mihaere Drive roundabout	<ul> <li>The through movement of the trailer is restricted. This may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Two splitter islands</li> <li>Part of the central island</li> </ul>
Wellington	Roberts Line	Roberts Line/SH3	Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed: • Roadside signs • Shoulder widening • Utility pole • Vegetation
Wellington	SH3	Manawat <b>ū</b> Gorge	Current road closure for Te Ahu a Turanga: Manawat <b>ū</b> Tararua Highway Project Te Ahu a Turanga: Manawat <b>ū</b> Tararua Highway Project scheduled to be completed by 2024
Wellington	SH3/SH2	SH3/SH2 (Woodville)	<ul> <li>The right turn is extremely tight; The movement of the blade transporter cannot be accommodated due to adjacent buildings.</li> <li>Diversion route available via Troup Road West. Vegetation clearance and intersection widening required along diversion route to accommodate swept path of blade</li> </ul>
Wellington	Diversion route at Woodville	Intersection SH2/Tay St	<ul> <li>Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Roadside signs</li> <li>Shoulder widening Vegetation removal</li> </ul>
Wellington	Diversion route at Woodville	Tay St	<ul> <li>Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Blade tracking crosses private property at 2 Tay St;</li> <li>Vegetation</li> <li>Fences</li> <li>Shoulder widening</li> </ul>

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Wellington	Diversion route at Woodville	Station St	Tight left turn. Utilise existing railway level crossing at yard.
Wellington	Diversion route along SH3/Troup Rd West	Intersection SH3 and Troup Rd West	Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:         • Roadside signs
Wellington	Diversion route at Woodville	Tight left bend along Troup Rd West	Tight left bend. Through movement of the trailer may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:         • Shoulder widening
Wellington	Diversion route at Woodville	Troup Rd West	Tight 90° left bend. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:         • Shoulder widening
Wellington	Diversion route at Woodville	Intersection Troup Rd West and SH2	Tight right turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:         • Roadside signs         • Shoulder widening
Wellington	SH2	Pahiatua	Possible restriction: Overhead power cable crossing over traffic lanes.
Wellington	SH2	Eket <b>ā</b> huna	<ul> <li>Road Bridge Clearance 4.34 m</li> <li>Diversion available along Newman Rd. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Blade tracking crosses private property at 103 and 105 Newman Road;</li> <li>Vegetation</li> <li>Fences</li> </ul>
Wellington	SH2	Eketāhuna	<ul><li>Tight left turn bend. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified:</li><li>Streetlights</li><li>Road signs</li></ul>

Port	Road/SH sections	Location/Intersection	Length and/or height constraints
Wellington	SH2	SH2/Old-Coach Road Intersection	<ul> <li>Tight left turn. Blade tail overhang may be accommodated if the following restrictions are modified/ temporarily removed:</li> <li>Road signs</li> <li>Vegetation</li> <li>Wooden fences</li> </ul>

# Appendix C Waka Kotahi Overweight Feasibility Assessments

- Port of Napier, Breakwater Road to SH2/Kaipararo Rd intersection
- Centreport Wellington to SH2/Kaipararo Rd intersection



# Tonkin+Taylor LtdPO Box 2083Wellington 6140Attn: Tess BreitenmoserCell: 027 8551715Phone: 04 3818560TSL No.is hereby authorised to use (vehicle description): Special Project Transporter

Registered N°(s): TT Feas 1, TT Feas 2, TT Feas 3

Feasibility Study Only - not for issue as an Overweight Permit

For the transport of: Substation transformer

On Route: SH50 PON to SH2/Kaipararo Rd intersection

Over the route specified below, subject to the conditions, restrictions, and maximum mass limits in this Permit.

### VAI: 1.25

Axle Number	1	2	3	4	5	0	7	8	0	4.0
		-	5	4	Э	6	1	0	9	10
Axle Type*	S	Т	Т	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Individual Axle Mass Limit (kg)	6500	9000	9000	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500
Spacing from previous axle (m)	0.00	4.50	1.45	5.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1,80	1.30	1,80
Tyre Size	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard
(24/10/1022)										
Axle Number	11	12	N 31	11/1	~13	100-	17	18	19	20
Axle Type*	8	Jed V	176	< / be	~	8	, 8	8	8	8
Individual Axle Mass Limit (kg)	9500	9500	9500	() <b>35</b> 0)	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500
Spacing from previous axle (m)	280	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
Tyre size	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard

Axle Number	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Axle Type*	8	8	8	S	S	Т	Т
Individual Axle Mass Limit (kg)	9500	9500	9500	5500	5500	7500	7500
Spacing from previous axle (m)	1.80	1.80	1.80	8.35	1.92	1.73	1.35
Tyre Size	Standard						

\* S=Single tyred axle, T=Twin tyred axle, 4=Four tyred oscillating axle, 8=Eight tyred oscillating axle, 12=Twelve tyred oscillating axle, 16=Sixteen tyred oscillating axle. The tyre sizes shall be as indicated above.

The total mass on any individual axle, axle set, or combination of axles must not exceed the sum of the mass limits shown for those axles in the table above.

### **Critical Conditions**

The vehicle must not-

- 1. exceed the maximum permitted gross mass of 240,500 kilograms
- 2. exceed design limits, such as GVM
- 3. breach a travel restriction or requirement for a specified bridge or culvert.

### **Additional Conditions**

- 1. Separate Plant The carriage or towing of separate items of plant, equipment or materials not specifically nominated in the description of load is not permitted.
- 2. Mass The mass of any axle shall not exceed the mass specified in this permit. The gross mass of the vehicle or combination of vehicles must not exceed the limit specified on the current certificate of loading issued to the vehicles.
- 3. Authorised Agent The vehicle shall not be operated on a road or bridge under this permit when in the opinion of an authorised agent of the road controlling authority, as communicated to the operator, it would be contrary to public interest to do so.
- 4. *Non-Transferable* This permit is not transferable either to other users of or to any vehicle other than the vehicle described by this permit.
- 5. *Weighing-* Police are authorised to divert vehicles up to five kilometres from the approved route for the purpose of weighing, provided under strength bridges are not included on the route.

### **ROUTE AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Feasibility Study**

This Feasibility Study has been issued as a guide to ascertain possible crossing restrictions for the vehicle combination listed under the following NZTA State Highway Route:

### Hawkes Bay Region:

This permit covers State Highway and Napier City Council routes as specified below.

### State Highway

Section	Highway	From RP	From Junction	To RP	To Junction			
1	SH50	0 / 0.0		2 / 2.27				
PON SH50 to SH5	PON SH50 to SH50/SH2 Intersection							
1	SH2	648 / 1.39		743 / 7.75				
SH2/SH50 interse	ction to SH2 CHB/T	ararua District Bdry						

Local Authority Permit is required to travel on Local Authority roads not covered by this overweight permit.

For access to CHBDC please contact:

Central Hawke's Bay District Council – Shawn McKinley (06) 857 8060 <u>shawn.mckinley@chbdc.govt.nz</u> or Ross Munroe (06) 857 8060 <u>røss.muno@chbdc.govt.nz</u>

### Operator to obtain prior approval (at least 48 hours) to travel on Local Authority Road

mean

### Manawatu Region:

Section	Highway From RP From Junction	To RP	To Junction				
1	SH2 75140.0	842 / 10.66					
SH2 from Norsewood Boundary to Kaipararo Rd Intersection Eketabuna							

## Special Instructions

### 1. THIS PERMIT IS ISSUED FOR STATE HIGHWAY USE ONLY

- 2. This permit does not cover travel on Local Authority Roads and prior approval must be obtained from the appropriate Local Authority to use their roads. (See below for Local Authority Contacts).
- 3. NOTE: Vehicle is to avoid moving through peak traffic hours. Vehicle travel times that apply to this permit are those that relate specifically to each type of vehicle as covered by the Land Transport Rule Vehicle Dimension and Mass 2016 Rule 41001.
- 6. Use bypasses when available.

# Prior approval (at least 48 hours) must be obtained from the appropriate local authority to use the following bypasses:

SH 2 – Norsewood Subway **(if vehicle height exceeds 4.8m)** South Bound Travel: SH2 Hovding Street, Norsewood, rejoin SH2 North Bound Travel: SH2 to Coronation Street to Upper Norsewood, Odin Street, rejoin SH2

### **Local Authority Contacts:**

Tararua District Council – <u>tmp@tararuaalliance.co.nz</u>

### **Special Instructions**

### Requirement to observe permit conditions

A breach of weight limits specified on this form, or any permit condition, is an offence as provided in the Land Transport (Offences and Penalties) Regulations 1999.

### Permit is invalid if:

- The permit is altered without authority a.
- b. The vehicles or persons operating the vehicles are not those described on the permit.

### Revocation

This permit can be revoked, under clause 5.7 of the Rule.

Authorised Issuing Officer gnatur Angela O'Connor (Name) Permit Issuing Office (Designation) (Controlling Authority) (for) NZ Tran (Location) (Permit Dated) 169

### **Advisory Notes:**

- 1. This permit is an exemption from the mass limits set out in the Land Transport Rule: Vehicle Dimensions and Mass 2016, and does not authorise the user to exceed the exemption so permitted or exempt the user from complying with all other acts, regulations and other laws (including those relating to certificate of loading, road user charges or Static Roll Threshold).
- 2. This permit must be carried on the vehicle and must be surrendered for inspection on the demand of any enforcement officer, or an authorised agent of the NZ Transport Agency or a road controlling authority.
- 3. The conditions on the reverse of this form shall apply together with any other conditions on the attached sheets.
- 4. Overdimension - For the transport of vehicles and loads that exceed the limits specified in Section 6 of the Land Transport Rule: Vehicle Dimensions and Mass 2016, a separate permit must be obtained from the Overdimension Permit Issuing Agency (OPIA) at the NZ Transport Agency, Palmerston North. OPIA contact number 0800 OVERSIZE / 0800 683774.
- Railway Level Crossings Travel over level crossings is not fully covered by this permit. Operators of overweight 5. and overdimension vehicles may require permission from KiwiRail or their agents for travel over railway level crossings
- Tyre pressure Tyres must be operated at the pressures recommended by either the manufacturer or the Tyre and 6. Rim Associations but not exceeding the maximum pressures stated in the Land Transport Rule 32013: Tyres and Wheels 2001.
- 7. For copies of the HB and Gisborne route maps refer to NZ Transport Agency Overweight Permit Route Maps Manual – State Highway Section Pages 7 and 8 for the By-pass route for Hastings refer to Bypass Section Page 9 (available on our website www.nzta.govt.nz).

Fees Payable:	
Permit Issuing Fee (As specified in 'Schedule' of the Land Transport certification and	\$18.18
other fees) Regulations 2014	
Bridge Supervision Fee (0 Trips)	\$0.00
Total Fee	\$18.18
GST	\$2.73
Total	\$20.91

### **Critical Conditions: Bridge Restrictions**

1. Engineering supervision of bridges is required during the trip authorised by this permit. For this purpose the user to whom this permit is issued shall contact the agents of the road controlling authorities nominated below at least **24 hours** in advance of the bridge crossing and arrange to meet the supervisor.

The vehicle and its load shall be operated in strict accordance with all instructions given by the supervisor and it shall not proceed past the arranged meeting place without being instructed to do so by the supervisor.

- Note: (a) A police officer, unless specifically authorised by the road controlling authority, is not empowered to carry out bridge engineering supervision
  - (b) If the operator fails to rendezvous within one hour of the time arranged and the supervised crossing(s) is/are postponed or cancelled, a fee of \$40 will be charged (the equivalent of one supervised crossing).
- 2. Agents are:

	Agents:	Telephone:
All SH Bridges Listed except DO NOT	Self-Supervision. BESS certified drivers only.	
CROSS	BESS ID Card or Letter Must Be Carried on Vehicle. Failure to produce VOIDS Permit NOTE: Traffic control requirements	Mari
SH Bridges showing as DO NOT CROSS	DO NOT CROSS ON THIS PERMIT	1111102
		UJUP U

		$\bigcirc$
All NCC Bridges Listed except DO NOT	Self-Supervision. BESS certified drivers only.	
CROSS	BESS ID Card or Letter Must Be Carried on	
- 11	Vehicle. Failure to produce VOIDS Permit	
	NOTE: Traffic control requirements	
NCC Bridges showing as DO NOT CROSS	DO NOT CROSS ON THIS PERMIT	
	۶ <i>*</i>	

engineering supervision are 3. Bridges requiring 4.

### Hawkes Bay Region.

Bridge No.	State Highway	Route Position	Bridge Name	BSN	Speed*	Position*	Risk to Other Vehicles*	GPS Co-ords N/E
1	2	651/0.64	Kennedy Road Overbridge (Incr Dir)	6516	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5618709/1933399
2	2	651/4.87	Tutaekuri River Bridge (Incr Dir)	6559	10	Central	High	5615166/1931523
3	2	691/16.11	Kaikora Bridge (Incr Dir)	7071	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5577821/1909668
4	2	707/6.82	Waipawa River Bridge (Incr Dir)	7138	10	1.56	High	5572083/1906382

Bridge No.	State Highway	Route Position	Bridge Name	BSN	Speed*	Position*	Risk to Other Vehicles*	GPS Co-ords N/E
5	2	707/12.31	Tukituki River (Waipukurau) Bridge (Incr Dir)	7193	10	Own Lane	Low	5567460/1903860
6	2	729/0.0	Maharakeke Stream Bridge (Incr Dir)	7290	10	Central	High	5568269/1896861

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### Manawatu Region:

Bridge No.	State Highway	Route Position	Bridge Name	BSN	Speed*	Position*	Risk to Other Vehicles*	GPS Co-ords N/E
1	2	758/0.42	Mangatewai- Nui River Bridge (Incr Dir)	7584	10	Central	High	5557389/1871639
2	2	758/11.13	Piri Piri Rail Overbridge (Incr Dir)	7691	10	Own Lane	Low	5548215/1866889
3	2	772/4.28	Tapuata Stream (Stanley St) Bridge (Incr Dir)	7763	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5543935/1862900
4	2	772/11.97	Oringi North Rail Overbridge (Incr Dir)	7840	10	Own Lane	Low	5539133/1857564
5	2	772/15.75	Raparapawai Stream Bridge (Incr Dir)	7878	10	Own Lane	Low	5636697(1854877
6	2	788/0.7	Herberts Bridge (Incr Dir)	7887	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5536672/1854018
7	2	808/0.0	Manawatu River (Ngawapurua) Bridge (Incr Dîi)	6080	20 C	Own	Not Significant	5525600/1845307
8	2	808/4.99	Mangatainoka River Bridge (Incr Dir)	8130	20)	Own Lane	Not Significant	5521568/1842943
9	256	825/0.0	Makakahi River (Konini) Bridge (Incr Dir)	8242	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5512556/1836607
10	2	842/2.79	Waiwaka No.2 Bridge (Incr Dir)	8448	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5495844/1828870
11	2	842/9.64	Makakahi River (Kaiparoro) Bridge (Incr Dir)	8516	10	Central	High	5490734/1824617

\*See the next page

- 4. The user to whom this permit is issued shall contact the police at least two working days in advance of the crossing of any bridge in the above list where "police control" is indicated and make arrangements for a police officer to be present to control other traffic during the supervised crossing.
- 5. Bridge Engineering Self Supervision is permitted only for the bridge listed and the person named in condition 2 above.

### **Critical Conditions: Bridge Restriction Requirements**

### A. SPEED

The speed of the overweight vehicle shall not exceed the value shown while on the bridge.

### B. POSITION

The vehicle shall travel in the left hand lane on all bridges except those for which alternative bridge engineering supervision instructions are specifically provided in this permit.

**Own Lane** - the overweight vehicle shall travel in its own lane as far as is practicable.

**Offset** - the overweight vehicle shall travel so that its centre is at the indicated distance from the kerb on the left of the vehicle.

**Central** - the overweight vehicle shall travel on that part of the bridge most favourable to the structure. This shall be:

- (i) central on the beam system for bridges with beams and concrete decks;
- (ii) central between kerbs for slab bridges;
- (iii) approximately central on the beam system but with wheels as near as possible over the beams for bridges with timber decks.

Opposite Bridge - the overweight vehicle shall use the bridge for the opposing traffic direction.

Ford or Bypass - the overweight vehicle shall not cross the bridge but use the adjacent ford or bypass.

### C. TRAFFIC CONTROL

Other heavy vehicles proceeding in the same direction shall be spaced at least 30 metres from the overweight vehicle while it is on the bridge. Cars may be closer if necessary.

Where "offset", "central" or "opposite blidge" is indicated for position, traffic travelling in the opposing direction shall be prevented from crossing the bridge while the overweight vehicle is on it.

Traffic control at bridge crossings shall be in accordance with the "Code of Practice for traffic control at bridges being crossed by overweight vehicles"

Traffic control requirements:

Risk to other vehicles	Traffic control requirements						
Not significant	None required						
Low	Overweight vehicle to have revolving amber light or flashing amber light visible from the rear together with rear facing retro-reflective hazard panels						
High	Provide qualified traffic controllers or Class 1 or Class 2 certified pilots using approved industry procedures.						





### Tonkin+Taylor Ltd, PO Box 2083, Wellington 6140, Attn: Serene Saab, Fax: , Phone: 04 3818560 TSL No.

is hereby authorised to use (vehicle description): Special Project Transporter

Registered Nº(s): TT Feas 1, TT Feas 2, TT Feas 3

Feasibility Study Only - not for issue as an Overweight Permit

For the transport of: 1 x Substation Transformer

On Route: Centreport Wellington to SH2/ Kaipararo Rd Intersection, Eketahuna

Over the route specified below, subject to the conditions, restrictions, and maximum mass limits in this Permit.

### VAI: 1.25

Axle Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Axle Type*	S	Т	Т	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Individual Axle Mass Limit (kg)	6500	9000	9000	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	
Spacing from previous axle (m)	0.00	4.50	1.45	5.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	7.80	
Tyre Size	Standard	Standerd	Standard	2							
						471	(0)	1'			
Axle Number	11	12	13	14	( Chal	((1b)	No	18	19	20	
Axle Type*	8	8	ND (8)	M	R	103-	8	8	8	8	
Individual Axle Mass Limit (kg)	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	
Spacing from previous axle (m)	1.80	1.80	1.80	7.89	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	
Tyre Size	Stabdard	Standard									
100											
Axle Number	21	22	23	24	25	26	27				
Axle Type*	8	8	8	S	S	Т	Т				
Individual Axle Mass Limit (kg)	9500	9500	9500	5500	5500	7500	7500				
Spacing from previous axle (m)	1.80	1.80	1.80	8.35	1.92	1.73	1.35				
Tyre Size	Standard										

\* S=Single tyred axle, T=Twin tyred axle, 4=Four tyred oscillating axle, 8=Eight tyred oscillating axle, 12=Twelve tyred oscillating axle, 16=Sixteen tyred oscillating axle. The tyre sizes shall be as indicated above.

The total mass on any individual axle, axle set, or combination of axles must not exceed the sum of the mass limits shown for those axles in the table above.

### **Critical Conditions**

The vehicle must not-

- 1. exceed the maximum permitted gross mass of 240,500 kilograms
- 2. exceed design limits, such as GVM
- 3. breach a travel restriction or requirement for a specified bridge or culvert.

### **Additional Conditions**

- 1. Separate Plant The carriage or towing of separate items of plant, equipment or materials not specifically nominated in the description of load is not permitted.
- 2. Mass The mass of any axle shall not exceed the mass specified in this permit. The gross mass of the vehicle or combination of vehicles must not exceed the limit specified on the current certificate of loading issued to the vehicles.
- 3. *Authorised Agent* The vehicle shall not be operated on a road or bridge under this permit when in the opinion of an authorised agent of the road controlling authority, as communicated to the operator, it would be contrary to public interest to do so.
- 4. Non-Transferable This permit is not transferable either to other users of or to any vehicle other than the vehicle described by this permit.
- 5. *Weighing-* Police are authorised to divert vehicles up to five kilometres from the approved route for the purpose of weighing, provided under strength bridges are not included on the route.

### ROUTE AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: FEASIBILITY STUDY (10,100)

This Feasibility Study has been issued as a guide to ascertain possible crossing restrictions for the vehicle combination listed under the following NZTA State Highway Route:

Section	Highway	From RP	From Junction	To RP	To Junction
$\backslash$	SHIN	1068 / 2.86		932 / 0.0	37
SH1N, from the	e Aotea Quay Ra	mps to SH3 Jun	ction, Sanson		
1	SH1T	1047 / 20.0		1030 / 0.0	
SH1T - Transn	nission Gully				
1	SH1P	995 / 20.0		995 / 0.0	
SH1P - New SH	11N Section - Ot	aki to PekaPeka			
1	SH3	450 / 0.0	37	474 / 13.48	
SH3, from SH1	N Junction, San	son to Manawat	u Scenic Route	Intersection, As	hurst
1	PalmCC - SADDLE ROUTE	0 / 0.0	SADDLE0	0 / 5.5	SADDLE5
Saddle Bypass	Route				
1	TaraDC - SADDLE ROUTE	5 / 0.0	SADDLE5	5 / 10.2	SADDLE9
Saddle Bypass	Route				
1	SH3	491 / 7.68		500 / 0.0	39
			D 0 610		: . 1

This permit applies only to the route or routes set out below (if any).

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SH3 from Woodlands Rd Intersection to SH2 Junction, Woodville							
2 SH2 802/0.0 39 842/10.66							
SH2, from SH3 Junction, Woodville to Kaipararo Intersection, Eketahuna							

### Wellington City Council Roads

Travel is permitted on the following New Plymouth District Council road subject to Clause 3 of Critical Conditions: Bridge Conditions below

# Centreport Wellington – Bunny St – Featherston St – Thorndon Quay - Hutt Rd – Centennial Highway - SH1N (Ngauranga Interchange)

**Operator to obtain prior approval (at least 48 hours) to travel on all other Local Authority Roads.** Refer below for Local Authority contact details.

### **Special Instructions**

The following are not included under this Feasibility Study

- Compliance with the Land Transport Rule: Vehicle Dimension and Mass 2016
- · Final Approval for actual overweight permits is at the discretion of the road controlling authority
- 1. Vehicle must travel in the left hand lane at all times on the Wellington Urban Motorway (WUM)
- 2. The Traffic Operations Center (TOC Ph: 0800 869 286) must be notified in advance of any trip commencing, informing the TOC of the time that the vehicle is expected to be on the Wellington Urban Motorway (WUM).
- 3. Travel on the Wellington Urban Motorway up to the Aotea Quay On and Off Ramps Only
- 4. SH1N 1060/7.56 BSN 10676 NGAURANGA GORGE OVERPASS (NZMG 5994321/2662022) OVERLOAD VEHICLES MUST NOT TRAVEL ON SHOULDERS
- 5. SH1N 1060/7.56 BSN 10676 NGAURANGA GORGE OVERPASS NORTHBOUND (NZMG 5994318/2662009) OVERLOAD VEHICLES MUST NOT TRAVEL ON SHOULDERS
- 6. Travel on the Potirua Johnsonville Motorway is Approved Subject to:
  - a. Use Class 1 rear pilot for all restricted bridge crossings on Porirua/Johnsonville Motorway,
  - b. Load not to exceed 3.7m in width. Where the width of the load exceeds 3.7 metres then the Glenside By-Pass shall be used.
  - c. Travel in the left hand (slow) lane,
  - d. The vehicle with its load should be capable of maintaining a speed of 70km/h under normal operating conditions, where conditions such as speed of other vehicles, traffic congestion, weather, crashes or other incidents affect travel speed the vehicle's speed must be adjusted appropriately.
- 7. The operator is responsible for ensuring that the load can negotiate overhead bridges, obstructions and structures. It is the operator's responsibility to get an over-dimensional permit if the vehicle requires one.

The following height clearance information is provided as general guidance for Wellington (Region 9) structures: SH1 Waikanae Railway Subway 4.9m; SH1 Helston Road Underpass 4.8m (slow lane); SH1 Newlands Overbridge 5.02m (slow lane); SH1 NIMT 4.92m (fast lane); SH2 Ngauranga Offramp Overbridge 4.9m; SH2 Petone Overbridge 4.3m.

- 8. The Operator is responsible for all approvals related to the crossing of rail facilities.
- 9. Vehicle travel times that apply to this permit are those that relate specifically to each type of vehicle as covered by the Land Transport Rule Vehicle Dimension and Mass 2016 Rule 41001. NOTE: No travel

during peak hours.

### 10. MOTORWAY BYPASS

Porirua - Johnsonville Motorway bypass via Glenside Route: (PCC Local Authority Permit required). *Glenside Route Northbound Travel:* Hutt Road to Ngauranga intersection (SH1) - Johnsonville Road - Middleton Road - Willowbank Road - Main Road Tawa - Kenepuru Drive - Raiha St -Prosser St - Titahi Bay Road - Mungavin Intersection - SH1 - North.

*Glenside Route Southbound Travel:* SH1 - Mungavin Intersection - Titahi Bay Road - Prosser Street - Raiha Street- Kenepuru Drive - Main Road Tawa - Willowbank Road - Middleton Road -Johnsonville Road - SH1 -Ngauranga Intersection - Hutt Road - South.

11. LOCAL AUTHORITY CONTACTS

Wellington City Council – <u>op.opermits.wellington@wsp.com</u> Porirua City Council - <u>roadprotectionteam@pcc.govt.nz</u>

### For notification of over dimension travel on Wellington City Council roads please contact <u>Peter.Hamilton@wcc.govt.nz</u> Phone: 027 803 0341

### Requirement to observe permit conditions

A breach of weight limits specified on this form, or any permit condition, is an offence as provided in the *Transport (Offences and Penalties) Regulations 1999*.

### Permit is invalid if:

a. The permit is altered without authority

О

b. The vehicles or persons operating the vehicles are not those described on the permit.

### Revocation

This permit can be revoked, under clause 5.7 of the Rule.

Authorised Issuing Officer

(Signature)

(Name)

(Date)

23 April 2021

Rachel Field

Permit Issuing Officer (for) NZ Transport Agency, Wellington City Council Wellington (Designation) (Controlling Authority) (Location)

207672 - 22 April 2021

(Permit Dated)

### Advisory Notes:

- 1. This permit is an exemption from the mass limits set out in the Land Transport Rule: Vehicle Dimensions and Mass 2016, and does not authorise the user to exceed the exemption so permitted or exempt the user from complying with all other acts, regulations and other laws (including those relating to certificate of loading, road user charges or Static Roll Threshold).
- 2. This permit must be carried on the vehicle and must be surrendered for inspection on the demand of any enforcement officer, or an authorised agent of the NZ Transport Agency or a road controlling authority.
- 3. The conditions on the reverse of this form shall apply together with any other conditions on the attached sheets.
- 4. Overdimension For the transport of vehicles and loads that exceed the limits specified in Section 6 of the Land Transport Rule: Vehicle Dimensions and Mass 2016, a separate permit must be obtained from the Overdimension Permit Issuing Agency (OPIA) at the NZ Transport Agency, Palmerston North. OPIA contact number 0800 OVERSIZE / 0800 683774.
- 5. *Railway Level Crossings* Travel over level crossings is not fully covered by this permit. Operators of overweight and overdimension vehicles may require permission from KiwiRail or their agents for travel over railway level crossings
- 6. *Tyre pressure* Tyres must be operated at the pressures recommended by either the manufacturer or the Tyre and Rim Associations but not exceeding the maximum pressures stated in the Land Transport Rule 32013: Tyres and Wheels 2001.

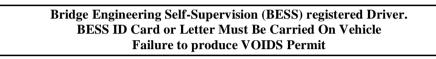
Fees Payable:	
Permit Issuing Fee (As specified in Schedule 4A of the Hea	avy Motor Vehicle
Regulations 1974)	
Bridge Supervision Fee (0 Trips)	( ) } / ( ) ( \$0,00
Total Fee	\$54.55
GST	1 \$8.18
Total	\$62.73
Feeder	J C

### **Critical Conditions: Bridge Restrictions**

1. Engineering supervision of bridges is required during the trip authorised by this permit. For this purpose the user to whom this permit is issued shall contact the agents of the road controlling authorities nominated below at least **24 hours** in advance of the bridge crossing and arrange to meet the supervisor.

The vehicle and its load shall be operated in strict accordance with all instructions given by the supervisor and it shall not proceed past the arranged meeting place without being instructed to do so by the supervisor.

- Note: (a) A police officer, unless specifically authorised by the road controlling authority, is not empowered to carry out bridge engineering supervision
  - (b) If the operator fails to rendezvous within one hour of the time arranged and the supervised crossing(s) is/are postponed or cancelled, a fee of \$40 will be charged (the equivalent of one supervised crossing).
- 2. Agents are:



3.	Bridges requ	uiring engineeri	ng supervision a	re:				Nall	
Bridge No.	State Highway	Route Position	Bridge Name	BSN	Speed*	Position*	Risk to Other Vehicles*	GPS Co-ords N/E	
1	1N	1068/2.24	Thorndon Overbridge - Northbound (Decr Dir)	10704	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5429718/1749121	
2	1N	1060/7.99	Ngauranga Overbridge Northbound (Decr Dir)	10680	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5432148/1751932	
3	1N	1060/7.56	Ngauranga Golge Overpass (Deer Dir)	10676	10	6.10	High	5432608/1752000	
15121020				Overload Vehicles Must Not Travel On Shoulders					
4	1N	1050/6.84	Raroa – Temporary - Stage 2 (Tg Bridge 26) (Decr Dir)	10568	10	Own Lane	Low	5441921/1754106	
5	1N	1035/15.27	Paremata Harbour Bridge (Northbound) (Decr Dir)	10504	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5448107/1757010	
6	1N	1035/7.63	Pukerua Bay Rail Overbridge (Decr Dir)	10426	10	Own Lane	Not Significant	5455223/1758466	
7	1N	1035/0.0	Paekakariki Rail Overbridge (Decr Dir)	10350	10	Own Lane	Not Significant	5460147/1763774	

Bridge No.	State Highway	Route Position	Bridge Name	BSN	Speed*	Position*	Risk to Other Vehicles*	GPS Co-ords N/E
8	1N	1011/15.37	Poplar Avenue Overpass (M2pp) (Decr Dir)	10264	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5466033/1767767
9	1N	1011/11.66	Kapiti Road Overpass Northbound (M2pp) (Decr Dir)	10228	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5469486/1768424
10	1N	1011/8.83	Otaihanga Road Overpass (M2pp) (Decr Dir)	10198	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5471476/1770437
11	1N	1011/4.04	Nga Manu Road Overpass (M2pp) (Decr Dir)	10150	10	Own Lane	Low	9474953/1773225
12	1N	995/4.78	North Otaki Main Road Underpass (Pp2o Bridge 2) (Decr Dir)	9997	202	Gwn Lane	Not Significant	5485819/1782453
13	1N	995/0.0	Pukebou (Manakau South) Overbridge (Dect Dir)	9950	2	Own Lane	Low	5488541/1785844
14	NG(C	985/6.85	Manakau North Rail Overbridge (Decr Dir)	9919	10	Central	High	5492190/1787873
15	1N	985/6.53	Waikawa Stream Bridge (Decr Dir)	9915	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5492365/1788136
16	1N	985/3.01	Ohau River Bridge (Decr Dir)	9880	10	Own Lane	Low	5495451/1789456
17	1N	932/4.35	Makahikaroa Stream Bridge (Decr Dir)	9364	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5541545/1803622
18	1T	1047/8.948	Kenepuru Tua Tahi (TG Bridge 24) (Decr Dir)	10560	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5442746/1754719
19	1T	1047/0.117	Pauatahanui (Tg Bridge15) (Decr Dir)	10471	10	5.75	High	5446865/1760972

Bridge No.	State Highway	Route Position	Bridge Name	BSN	Speed*	Position*	Risk to Other Vehicles*	GPS Co-ords N/E
20	1T	1030/17.227	Matai Taua (Tg Bridge 13) (Decr Dir)	10470	10	Own Lane	Low	5446960/1761039
21	1T	1030/17.227	Sh58 Northbound Exit Ramp (Tg Bridge 14) (Decr Dir)	10473	10	Central	High	5446904/1760927
22	1T	1030/11.373	Horokiri Ki Runga (TG Bridge 8) (Decr Dir)	10414	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5453223/1763673
23	1P	995/6.64	Otaki River Bridge (Pp2o Bridge 5) (Decr Dir)	10015	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5484511/1781283
24	1P	995/3.88	Waitohu Stream Bridge (Pp2o Bridge 1) (Decr Dir)	9988	10	Own Lane	Low	9486658/1782770
25	3	471/0.0	Mangaone Stream Bridge (Incr Dir)	4705	200	Own Lane	Not Significant	5531697/1820368
26	3	471/0.74	Rangitikei Line Rail Overblidge (Incr Dir)	4717	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5531099/1820764
27	326	474/6.37	Stoney Creek Bridge (Sh 3) (Incr Dir)	4804	10	Own Lane	Low	5532606/1827593
28	3	474/6.73	Whakarongo Culvert (Incr Dir)	4807	10	Central	High	5532632/1827950
29	PalmCC - SADDLE ROUTE	0/3.27	SADDLE ROAD BRIDGE (Palmcc) (Incr Dir)	33	10	Central	High	5531231/1841479
30	3	491/8.24	Mangapapa Stream Bridge (Incr Dir)	4992	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5531186/1842722
31	2	808/0.0	Manawatu River (Ngawapurua) Bridge (Incr Dir)	8080	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5525600/1845307
32	2	808/4.99	Mangatainoka River Bridge (Incr Dir)	8130	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5521568/1842943

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Bridge No.	State Highway	Route Position	Bridge Name	BSN	Speed*	Position*	Risk to Other Vehicles*	GPS Co-ords N/E
33	2	825/0.0	Makakahi River (Konini) Bridge (Incr Dir)	8242	50	Own Lane	Not Significant	5512556/1836607
34	2	842/2.79	Waiwaka No.2 Bridge (Incr Dir)	8448	20	Own Lane	Not Significant	5495844/1828870
35	2	842/9.64	Makakahi River (Kaiparoro) Bridge (Incr Dir)	8516	10	Central	High	5490734/1824617

\*See the next page

4. The user to whom this permit is issued shall contact the police at least two working days in advance of the crossing of any bridge in the above list where "police control" is indicated and make arrangements for a police officer to be present to control other traffic during the supervised crossing.

5. Bridge Engineering Self Supervision is permitted only for the bridge listed and the person named in ca above.

### **Critical Conditions: Bridge Restriction Requirements**

### A. SPEED

The speed of the overweight vehicle shall not exceed the value shown while on the bridge.

### B. POSITION

The vehicle shall travel in the left hand lane on all bridges except those for which alternative bridge engineering supervision instructions are specifically provided in this permit.

Own Lane - the overweight vehicle shall travel in its own lane as far as is practicable.

**Offset** - the overweight vehicle shall travel so that its centre is at the indicated distance from the kerb on the left of the vehicle.

**Central** - the overweight vehicle shall travel on that part of the bridge most favourable to the structure. This shall be:

- (i) central on the beam system for bridges with beams and concrete decks;
- (ii) central between kerbs for slab bridges;
- (iii) approximately central on the beam system but with wheels as near as possible over the beams for bridges with timber decks.

Opposite Bridge - the overweight vehicle shall use the bridge for the opposing traffic direction.

Ford or Bypass - the overweight vehicle shall not cross the bridge but use the adjacent ford or bypass.

### C. TRAFFIC CONTROL

Other heavy vehicles proceeding in the same direction shall be spaced at least 30 metres from the overweight vehicle while it is on the bridge. Cars may be closer if necessary.

Where "offset", "central" or "opposite blidge" is indicated for position, traffic travelling in the opposing direction shall be prevented from crossing the bridge while the overweight vehicle is on it.

Traffic control at bridge crossings shall be in accordance with the "Code of Practice for traffic control at bridges being crossed by overweight vehicles"

Traffic control requirements:

Risk to other vehicles	Traffic control requirements			
Not significant	None required			
Low	Overweight vehicle to have revolving amber light or flashing amber light visible from the rear together with rear facing retro-reflective hazard panels			
High	Provide qualified traffic controllers or Class 1 or Class 2 certified pilots using approved industry procedures.			





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